Attempting to Cross the Chasm - the Experience of a Pollution Prevention Technology

Gary Cohen, RadTech



What is RadTech?

- Non Profit Trade Association for UV/EB
- Based in Bethesda, MD
- About 20 Years of Service
- Over 700 Members
- Support Over 20 Manufacturing Industries
- www.radtech.org



Michigan Organizations Showing Interest in UV/EB

A&K Finishing, Inc.

Aal Chem

AkzoNobel Coatings Inc

Allied PhotoChemical

Anderson Development Ci

Applied Molecules

AQUVSOL

BASF Corporation

Continental Corp

Dart Container Corp

Dedoes Industries, Inc.

Dow Chemical

Eastern Michigan University

Electronics For Imaging, Inc.

Ford Motor Company

Evonik Goldschmidt Corporation

Flint Group NA

Freudenberg-NOK General

Partnership

Gentex Corporation

GOI MOD/US Tacom

Guardina Ind Corp

Harman

Haworth

Henkel Corporation

Herman Miller

Hilco Technologies

Intertape Polymer Group

ITW Security and Brand Identity

Jetrion

Kay Automotive Graphics

Kellogg Company

L&L Products, Inc.

Lakeland Finishing Corp.

Lorin Industries

Masco Corp

Michigan State University

Middletons Mouldings

Momentive Performance Materials

MSU

NCMS

ND Industries

Nichia Corporation

Northern Coatings and Chemical

Co.

Omni Tech International, Ltd.

Panel Processing Inc

PhibroChem

Precision Coatings, Inc.

Prime UV

Prizmatix

Rad-Solutions

Red Spot Paint & Varnish Co, Inc.

Resinate Materials Group

Saint Clair Systems

Shadvin Industries

Stiles Machinery

Sun Chemical Corp

The Dow Chemical Company

Thierica Equipment

Toyota Motor Engineering and

Manufacturing NA

Transtar Autobody Technologies,

Inc.

University of Michigan

VacuCoat

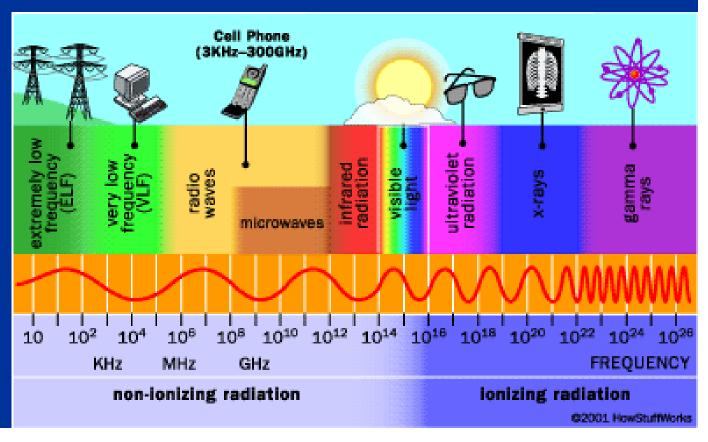
Van Horn, Metz, Inc.

Western Michigan University

Whitlam Label Co. Inc.



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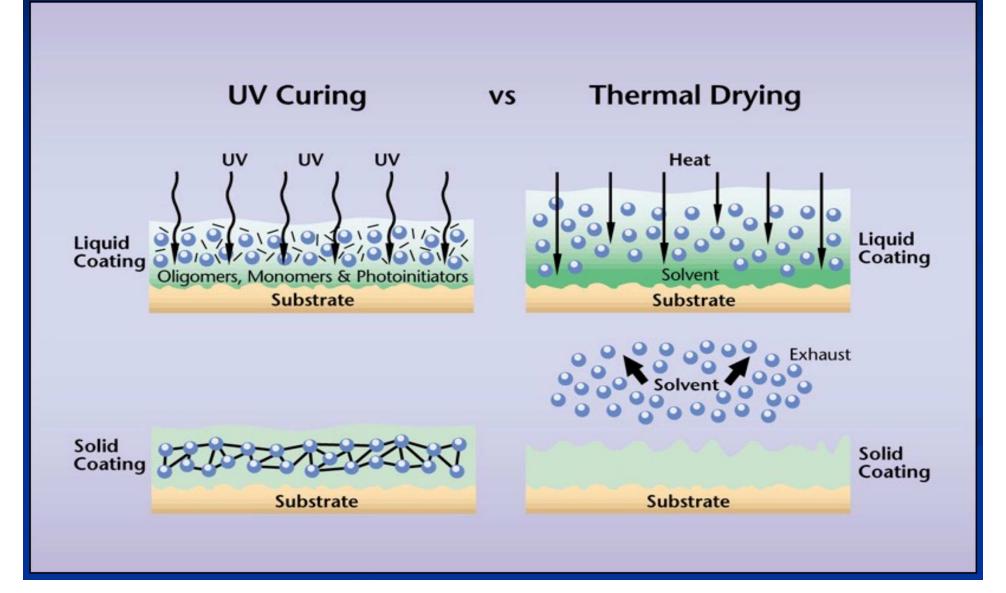
EB = **Electron Beam**





Chemistry & Formulation of UV/EB

What are the differences between Conventional and UV/EB?



UV/EB Curing

- A True "Pollution Prevention" Technology
 - No/low VOCs, HAPs, CO2
- Not an end-of-pipe control technology
- Energy is not used to process and/or transport and/or eliminate and/or destroy harmful emissions

The Story of Stuff*

(UV/EB generally does not need)

1.Make/Process Stuff

2.Transport **Stuff**

Make Product with Stuff

3. Drive **Stuff** off the Product

4. Figure out what to do with **Stuff**

*Stuff—generally solvent and/or water

UV/EB ⇒ **Reduced Transport Carbon Emissions**

Truck Fuel Mileage: 5.7 mpg

CO₂ Emissions / gallon: 22.4 Pounds

Average length of haul: 500 miles

Fuel gallons/haul: 89.9

Emissions per haul: 2,014 lb CO₂

Source: Armstrong World Industries Inc.; References for estimates and conversion factors: US EIA







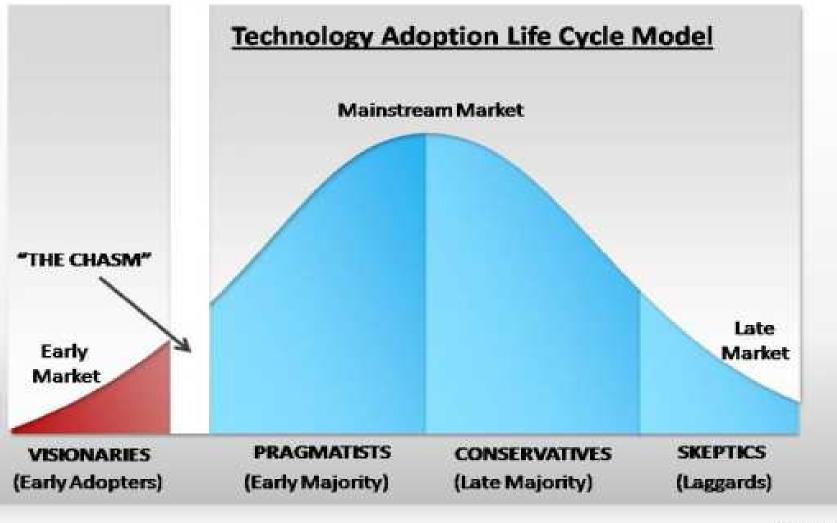




NYSERDA UV/EB Funding Opportunity

"... to develop innovative applications of UV and EB technology as an example of how NYSERDA research and development efforts are working to create new economic activity based on innovative, green and sustainable technologies that use energy efficiently and reduce greenhouse gases in New York's economy." Francis J. Murray, Jr., NYSERDA President and CEO

Crossing The Chasm



Your Logo

^{*} Moore, Geoffrey. Crossing the Chasm, Marketing and Selling High Tech Products to Mainstream Customers. New York: Harper Business Essentials, 1991.

Challenges to Crossing the Chasm

- □- Risk/uncertainty
- **□- Disruption of current process**
- □- Lack of data
- **□- Need to deal with multiple vendors**
- **□- Need consensus with multiple managers**
- **□- Expense**

Challenges to Crossing the Chasm

- Diverse supplier base
- Lack of industry standards
- Secrecy
- Supplier reticence
- End User reticence
- General lack of regulatory vision
- Bad experience when tech first developed
- Disappearing customer base ??

Success to Crossing the Chasm

- Innovation matures
- ☐ Data is available on competitors success
- ☐ Urgent motivation
- Strategy: Target beachhead (customer under market pressure)
- Leverage success to other applications

Coors Brewing Company

Total Energy Usage

(Million BTU/Billion Cans)

	W/B Thermal Uncontrolled	W/B Thermal +Incineration	UV Curing
Electrical	16,300	19,500	15,900
Natural Gas	23,900	60,100	0
Total	40,200	79,600	15,900

Coors Brewing Company

Total Air Emissions (Metric Tons/Billion Cans)

W/E <u>Unc</u>	W/B Thermal + Incineration	UV Curing	
CO ₂	2,909	5,182	1,727
Nitrogen Oxides	8.1	11.6	6.5
VOC	28	0.56	0.52
HAP	11.5	0.23	0.12
Non-Methane HC	0.05	0.10	0.02
CO	0.52	1.11	0.15

BASF UV-Cured Web Coated Pressure Sensitive Adhesive

Energy Demand

	<u>UV</u> acResin	<u>Solvent</u>	Waterborne <u>Dispersion</u>
Electricity Consumption (MWh/yr)	3,917	2,758	5,376
Nat Gas-Curing (kft³/yr)	0	147,494	115,200
Nat Gas-VOC Incineration (kft³/yr)	0	64,128	0
Total Energy Demand (Million Btu/yr)	39,178	179,662	172,549

Compared with Traditional Technology

Solvent Process

EB Process

	Units	Input	Results	Input	Results
Line Speed	FPM	1000		1000	
Length of Dryer	Feet	22.7		6	
Printing width	Inches	54		54	
Working Hours per Year	Hours	4680		4680	
Gas Consumption	BTU/Hr	9,460,000		0	
Gas therm/hr (1 therm = 100,000 btu)		95		0	
Cost per therm		\$1.66		\$0.00	
running-Cost per hour (Gas)		\$1.66 x 95	\$157.70	0	\$0.00
Electrical Consumption	KW/Hr	22.8		59	
Cost per KWH		\$0.07		\$0.07	
Running-Cost per hour (Electric)		\$0.065 x 22.8	\$1.48	\$0.065 x 22.8	\$3.84
Nitrogen Consumption	Scfh	0		5940	
Cost per 100 scf Nitrogen		0		\$0.28	
Running-Cost per hour (Nitrogen)			\$0.00	\$0.28 x 59.4	\$16.63
Combined Utility Expenses					
Running-Cost per hour			\$159.18		\$20.47
Annualized Utility Expenses					
		\$159.18 x		\$20.47 x	
Running-Cost per year		4680	\$744,962	4680	\$95,800



Source: Energy Sciences Inc.; Wilmington, MA

Safety and Handling

COMPARING SOLVENT & UV/EB SYSTEMS

Explosive vapor

SOLVENTS UV/EB

mostly yes no

VOC

yes

no/low

HAPs

yes/no

no

Energy Use

high

low

Thank you!

www.radtech.org

